Course Objectives/Course Outline Spokane Community College

Course Title:	Introductory Algebra
Prefix and Course Number:	MATH 96

Course Learning Outcomes:

By the end of this course, a student should be able to:

- Simplify polynomials using the distributive property and combining like terms.
- Add, subtract, multiply and divide polynomials.
- Solve linear equations, linear inequalities.
- Set up and solve linear application problems.
- Apply the properties of exponents to simplify integer exponents.
- Convert large and small numbers into scientific notation.
- Graph linear equations using points, slope, and intercepts.
- Solve systems of linear equations graphically and algebraically.
- Determine the slope of a line given 2 points, the equation or a graph.
- Factor polynomials using various techniques including; greatest common factor, grouping, difference of squares, perfect square trinomials and the AC method.
- Solve quadratic equations using factoring.
- Determine the restrictions of a rational and radical expression.
- Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational and radical expressions.
- Simplify complex fractions.
- Solve rational and radical equations.
- Set up and solve radical application problems which include using the Pythagorean Theorem.

Course Outline:

- I. Review
 - A. Order of Operations
 - B. Polynomials
 - C. Solve Linear Equations
 - D. Literal Equations
 - E. Linear Inequalities
 - F. Applications
 - i. Integer problems
 - ii. Distance, rate, time problems
 - iii. Mixture problems
 - iv. Percent problems
- II. Multiplication Focus
 - A. Integer Exponents [Definitions & Rules]
 - i. Product Rule
 - ii. Power-to-a-Power Rule
 - iii. Quotient Rule
 - iv. Power of a Product Rule
 - v. Power of a Quotient Rule
 - B. Combination of Exponent Rules
 - C. Scientific Notation
 - D. Monomial Products
 - E. Distributive Property of Multiplication over Addition
 - F. Special Products
 - i. FOIL

- ii. Conjugate Products
- iii. Square of a binomial
- iv. Cube of a binomial
- III. Two Variables (Linear Focus)
 - A. Cartesian Plane
 - B. Graphing Lines
 - C. Intercepts
 - D. Slope
 - i. Finding slope
 - a. From two points
 - b. From an equation
 - ii. Graphing with slope
 - iii. Parallel Lines
 - iv. Perpendicular Lines
 - E. Linear Equations
 - i. Slope-Intercept
 - ii. Finding Equations
 - a. Given two points
 - b. Given a point and a slope
 - F. Linear Inequalities
- IV. Systems of Linear Equations
 - A. Solving by graphing
 - B. Recognizing no solution and same line
 - C. Solving by elimination
 - D. Solving by substitution
 - E. Applications
- V. Factoring
 - A. Revisit Multiplication (in particular, the Distributive Property of Multiplication over Addition)
 - B. Greatest Common Factor
 - C. Factor versus term
 - i. Identify factors
 - ii. Identify terms
 - iii. Explain the difference between factors and terms
 - D. Factor by grouping
 - E. Factor quadratic trinomials
 - F. Factor special patterns
 - i. Perfect square trinomials
 - ii. Difference of squares
 - G. Multiple step factoring
 - H. Solve quadratic equations by factoring
- VI. Operations Involving Rational Expressions
 - A. Evaluate rational expressions
 - i. Find restrictions on rational expressions
 - B. Reduce rational expressions
 - i. Including opposite factors
 - C. Multiplication and division of rational expressions
 - D. Addition and subtraction of rational expressions
 - i. With the same denominator
 - ii. With unlike denominators
 - E. Simplify complex fractions
 - F. Solve rational equations
- VII. Introduction to Roots/Radicals
 - A. Evaluate roots of numbers
 - i. Find exact roots that result in rational numbers

- ii. Approximate roots
- iii. Identify when a root is not a real number
- B. Evaluate roots of variables
 - i. Find roots of nonnegative variables raised to powers that are multiples of the index
- C. Simplify radicals of numbers and variables
 - i. Use the product rule for radicals to write the given radical so that the radicand contains no factor to a power greater than or equal to the index
- D. Products and quotients of radicals with the same index
- E. Addition and subtraction of radicals
- F. Pythagorean Theorem