Print Date: 8/9/17

Course Objectives/Course Outline Spokane Community College

Course Title: Macro Economics

Prefix and Course Number: ECON& 202

Course Learning Outcomes:

By the end of this course, a student should be able to:

- Explain that all individuals and societies face scarcity of resources and that forces them to face tradeoffs and make choices
- Describe and compare different economic systems
- Define opportunity cost and show how it affects choice, using the production possibilities frontier model
- Explain and illustrate the laws of supply, and demand and define market equilibrium
- List factors affecting demand and supply and explain their effects
- Define and measure aggregate economic indicators: gross domestic product (GDP), inflation and unemployment, and explain how they relate to economic growth
- Identify the aggregate expenditures model
- Describe the marginal propensities to consume and save, the multiplier, and recessionary and inflationary gaps
- Define aggregate demand and aggregate supply, and list factors affecting them
- Define and explain fiscal policy and how it affects the nation's economic activity
- Identify the different schools of thought in macroeconomics: Classical, Keynesian, Monetarism, New Classical, and Supply Side Economics
- Define what money is and its role in the economy Explain the role of financial intermediaries and the Federal Reserve System in the U.S. economy

Course Outline:

- I. Economics Language
 - A. Opportunity costs and prioritizing choices
 - B. Economic principles
 - 1. Consumption
 - 2. Production
 - 3. Distribution and exchange
 - 4. Capitalist market economy
 - C. Everyday Economics tools
 - D. Policy alternatives for basic economizing problem
 - E. Evaluate and apply economic information from tables and graphs
 - F. Economic observations using
 - 1. Quantitative/qualitative information
 - G. Internet technology
 - H. Writing economic assignments
 - I. Exploring different perspectives on economic schools of thought
 - J. Recognizing the world's diversity through global economic variety

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